

$$\hat{r}_S = 45^\circ \Leftrightarrow \cos(\vec{v}_r \vec{v}_s) = \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} \Leftrightarrow \frac{|\vec{v}_r \cdot \vec{v}_s|}{|\vec{v}_r||\vec{v}_s|} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \Leftrightarrow$$

$$\Leftrightarrow \frac{|-3B+4|}{\sqrt{9+16}\sqrt{1+B^2}} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \Leftrightarrow \frac{|-3B+4|}{5} = \frac{\sqrt{1+B^2}}{\sqrt{2}}$$

$$\Rightarrow \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \frac{-3B+4}{5} = \frac{\sqrt{1+B^2}}{\sqrt{2}} \\ \frac{3B-4}{5} = \frac{\sqrt{1+B^2}}{\sqrt{2}} \end{array} \right\} \Rightarrow \begin{array}{l} \uparrow \\ \text{elevem al quadrat.} \end{array}$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{9B^2 + 16 - 24B}{25} = \frac{1+B^2}{2}$$

$$18B^2 + 32 - 48B = 25 + 25B^2$$

$$7B^2 + 48B - 7 = 0$$

$$B = \frac{-48 \pm \sqrt{48^2 + 196}}{14} =$$

$$= \frac{-48 \pm \sqrt{2500}}{14} = \begin{cases} \frac{-48+50}{14} = \frac{2}{14} = \frac{1}{7} \\ \frac{-48-50}{14} = \frac{-98}{14} = -7 \end{cases}$$

49	48
4	48
196	384
192	
2304	
196	
2500	

Per tant, tenim 2 rectes

Si $B_1 = \frac{1}{7}$, $C = \frac{2}{7} - 1 = \frac{-5}{7}$

$$S_1: x + \frac{1}{7}y - \frac{5}{7} = 0 \Leftrightarrow 7x + y - 5 = 0$$