

1. WRITE SENTENCES USING THE SAXON GENITIVE:

1. My / friend / nose / is / big

My friend's nose is big.

2. Janis / eyes / are / blue

Janis' eyes are blue.

3. The boys / classroom / small / is

The boys' classroom is small.

4. Jane / is / Linda / friend

Jane is Linda's friend.

5. She / is / my / mum / sister

She is my mum's sister.

6. Raymond / snake / is / very long

Raymond's snake is very long.

7. Bob / rabbit / is / white

Bob's rabbit is white.

2. COMPLETE THE SENTENCES. USE THE SAXON GENITIVE OF THE WORDS IN BRACKETS:

- 1. _____ room is always messy. (Ian)
- Ian's room is always messy.
- 2. This is _____ teacher. (the girls)
- This is the girls' teacher.
- 3. _____ computer is new. (Janis)
- Janis' computer is new.
- 4. These are my _____ photos. (grandma)

- These are my grandma's photos.
- 5. _____ car is very comfortable. (my parents)
- My parents' car is very comfortable.

3. WRITE TWO SENTENCES. USE THE SAXON GENITIVE TO WRITE THE FIRST ONE AND A POSSESSIVE ADJECTIVE TO WRITE THE SECOND ONE:

- 1. Bob has got two snakes. _____ snakes are brown and yellow.
- Bob's snakes are brown and yellow.
- His snakes are brown and yellow.
- 2. Jane has got two hats. _____ hats are small.
- Jane's hats are small.
- Her hats are small.
- 3. The boys have got a laptop computer. _____ laptop computer is new.
- The boys' laptop computer is new.
- Their laptop computer is new.
- 4. Dad has got three birds. _____ birds are blue and yellow.
- Dad's birds are blue and yellow.
- His birds are blue and yellow.
- 5. Mr Jones has got a dog. _____ dog is a German shepherd.
- Mr Jones' dog is a German shepherd.
- His dog is a German shepherd.